IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A An image correction method comprising:

obtaining a first correction digital signal by scanning a first correction document during black correction, and extracting only a plurality of last bits of the first correction digital signal, and storing the extracted last bits of the first correction digital signal in a memory; and

obtaining a second correction digital signal by scanning a second correction document during white correction, and extracting only a plurality of first bits of the second correction digital signal, and setting the most significant bit of the second correction digital signal to a value of one [[1.]], and storing the extracted first bits of the second correction digital signal in the same or a different memory:

wherein the extraction and storage of the last bits of the first correction digital signal and the first bits of the second correction digital signal reduces a memory requirement for scanning the correction documents.

- (Currently amended) The method according to claim 33 [[1]], wherein the extracted last bits of the first correction digital signal are stored in a memory.
- (Previously presented) The method according to claim 2, wherein the memory comprises a random access memory.
- (Currently amended) The method according to claim 33 [[1]], wherein the extracted first bits of the second correction digital signal are stored in a memory.
- (Previously presented) The method according to claim 4, wherein the memory comprises a random access memory.
- (Currently amended) The method according to claim 33 [[1]], wherein the first correction document comprises a black correction document.
- (Currently amended) The method according to claim <u>33</u> [[1]], wherein the second correction document comprises a white correction document.

(Currently Amended) The method according to claim 33 [[1]], <u>further comprising</u>
wherein the step of black correction comprises:

scanning the first correction document to obtain the a first correction optical signal; using an image extracting device to obtain a first correction analog signal; and using an analog/digital converter to convert converting the first correction analog signal into a first correction digital signal.

- (Previously presented) The method according to claim 8, wherein the image extraction device comprises a charge-coupled device.
- (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 8, <u>further comprising</u> wherein the step of white correction comprises:

scanning the second correction document to obtain the a second correction optical signal;

using the [[an]] image extracting device to obtain a second correction analog signal; and

using an analog/digital converter to convert converting the second correction analog signal into a second correction digital signal.

- 11. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 10, wherein the image extraction device comprises a charge-coupled device.
- 12. (Currently amended) An image correction apparatus comprising:

means for obtaining a first correction digital signal, said means for obtaining a first correction digital signal being configured to scan a first correction document during black correction, and being configured to extract only a plurality of last bits of the first correction digital signal; and

means for obtaining a second correction digital signal by scanning a second correction document during white correction, said means for obtaining a second correction digital signal being configured to extract only a plurality of first bits of the second correction digital signal; and

means for setting the most significant bit of the second correction digital signal to a value of 1.

13. (Currently amended) The apparatus according to claim 12, <u>further comprising:</u> <u>means for setting the most significant bit of the second correction digital signal to a</u> value of one:

and means for storing the extracted bits after the most significant bit is set said means for obtaining a first correction digital signal being configured to store the extracted last bits of the first correction digital signal in a memory.

- 14. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the extracted bits are stored in memory comprises a random access memory.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 12, said means for obtaining a second correction digital signal being configured to store further comprising means for storing the extracted first bits of the second correction digital signal in a memory.
- (Previously presented) The apparatus according to claim 15, wherein the memory comprises a random access memory.
- (Previously presented) The apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the first correction document comprises a black correction document.
- 18. (Previously presented) The apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the second correction document comprises a white correction document.
- (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 12, <u>further comprising</u> wherein said-means for obtaining a first correction digital signal comprises:

means for scanning the first correction document to obtain the a first correction optical signal;

 $\underline{means\ for\ obtaining\ an\ image\ extracting\ device\ to\ obtain\ }a\ first\ correction\ analog\ signal;\ and$

means for converting an analog/digital converter to convert the first correction analog signal into a first correction digital signal.

 (Previously presented) The apparatus according to claim 19, wherein the image extraction device comprises a charge-coupled device. 21. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 12 [[19]], <u>further comprising</u> wherein said means for obtaining a second correction digital signal comprises:

means for scanning the second correction document to obtain the a second correction optical signal;

means for obtaining an image extracting device to obtain a second correction analog signal; and

means for converting an analog/digital converter to convert the second correction analog signal into a second correction digital signal signature.

- 22. (Previously presented) The apparatus according to claim 21, wherein the image extraction device comprises a charge-coupled device.
- 23. (Currently Amended) An article, comprising: a A storage medium having stored thereon instructions, that, when executed, are further operable to if executed, result in:

<u>obtain obtaining</u> a first correction digital signal by scanning a first correction document during black correction, and <u>extract extracting</u> only a plurality of last bits of the first correction digital signal; and

obtain obtaining a second correction digital signal by scanning a second correction document during white correction, and extract extracting only a plurality of first bits of the second correction digital signal, and extract extracting only a plurality of first bits of the second correction digital signal, and extract extracting the most significant bit of the second correction digital signal to a value of english [1]].

24. (Currently Amended) The <u>storage medium article</u> of claim 23 wherein said storage medium has further instructions stored thereon, that, <u>when executed, are further operable to if executed, result in:</u>

store storing the extracted last bits of the first correction digital signal in random access memory.

25. (Currently Amended) The <u>storage medium article</u> of claim 23 wherein said storage medium has further instructions stored thereon, that, <u>when executed, are further operable to if executed, result in:</u>

store storing the extracted bits of the second correction digital signal in [[a]] random access memory.

26. (Currently Amended) The <u>storage medium article</u> of claim 23 <u>wherein said storage medium has further instructions stored thereon, that, when executed, are further operable to wherein the black correction comprises:</u>

<u>scan seanning</u> the first correction document to obtain the a first correction optical signal:

use using an image extracting device to obtain a first correction analog signal; and use using an analog/digital converter to convert the first correction analog signal into a first correction digital signal.

27. (Currently Amended) The <u>storage medium artiele</u> of claim 26 <u>wherein said storage medium has further instructions stored thereon, that, when executed, are further operable to wherein the white correction comprises:</u>

<u>scan seanning</u> the second correction document to obtain the a second correction optical signal;

use the using an image extracting device to obtain a second correction analog signal; and

use the using an analog/digital converter to convert the second correction analog signal into a second correction digital signal.

28. (Currently Amended) An image made by a method comprising:

obtaining a first correction digital signal by scanning a first correction document during black correction, and extracting only a plurality of the last bits of the first correction digital signal; and

obtaining a second correction digital signal by scanning a second correction document during white correction, and extracting only a plurality of first bits of the second correction digital signal, and setting the most significant bit of the second correction digital signal to a value of one [[1]].

- (Currently amended) The image of claim 28 made by a method further comprising: storing the extracted last bits of the first correction digital signal in [[a]] random access memory.
- 30. (Currently amended) The image of claim 28 made by a method further comprising:

storing the extracted last bits of the second correction digital signal in [[a]] random access memory.

- 31. (Currently Amended) The image of claim 28 wherein the black correction comprises: scanning the first correction document to obtain the a first correction optical signal; using an image extracting device to obtain a first correction analog signal; and using an analog/digital converter to convert the first correction analog signal into a first correction digital signal.
- (Currently Amended) The image of claim 31 wherein the white correction comprises: scanning the second correction document to obtain the a second correction optical signal;

using the [[an]] image extracting device to obtain a second correction analog signal; and

using the [[an]] analog/digital converter to convert the second correction analog signal into a second correction digital signal.

33. (New) A method comprising:

obtaining a first correction digital signal by scanning a first correction document during black correction, extracting only a plurality of last bits of the first correction digital signal; and

obtaining a second correction digital signal by scanning a second correction document during white correction, extracting only a plurality of first bits of the second correction digital signal, setting the most significant bit of the second correction digital signal to a value of one.